# **Acute Gastroenteritis Episode Executive Summary**

### **Episode Design**

- Trigger: acute gastroenteritis diagnosis
- Quarterback type: facility (acute gastroenteritis diagnosis site)
- Care included: all acute gastroenteritis-related care including imaging and testing, medical procedures, evaluation and management, and medications

#### **Sources of Value**

- Appropriate determination of differential diagnosis
- Rapid stabilization
- Appropriate use of diagnostic imaging and testing
- Appropriate site of continued care
- Appropriate length of stay
- Appropriate treatment(s) to address underlying causes
- Patient education and counseling to facilitate recovery and prevent repeat events
- Appropriate follow-up care additional treatment, monitoring response to treatment
- Appropriate use of antibiotics
- Prevention of complications
- Restoration of functionality

## **Episode Duration**

**Pre-Trigger** 

Trigger

**Post-Trigger** 

No pre-trigger window

Duration of the episodetriggering encounter and associated hospitalization 30 days, beginning the day after the trigger window

#### **Quality Metrics**

#### **Tied to Gain-Sharing**

- Abdominal or pelvic CT or MRI in adults (lower rate is better)
- Abdominal or pelvic CT or MRI in children (lower rate is better)
- Antibiotics utilization (lower rate is better)

#### **Informational Only**

- Difference in average morphine equivalent dose per day
- Average morphine equivalent dose per day during the pre-trigger opioid window
- Average morphine equivalent dose per day during the post-trigger opioid window
- Complications
- Related admission
- Related ED visit
- Stool culture in adults

## **Making Fair Comparisons**

#### **Exclusions**

- Business exclusions: inconsistent enrollment, third-party liability, dual eligibility, FQHC/RHC, no PAP ID, incomplete episodes, overlapping episodes
- Clinical exclusions: different care pathway (e.g., gastrointestinal dysmotility, end-stage renal disease, genetic immunodeficiency, inflammatory bowel disease, short bowel syndrome, active cancer management, DCS custody)
- Patient exclusions: age (less than 7 months or greater than 64 years old), death, left against medical advice
- High-cost outlier: episodes with risk-adjusted spend greater than three standard deviations above the average risk-adjusted episode spend for valid episodes are excluded.

**Risk adjustment** is used to ensure appropriate comparisons between patients.

**To learn more about the episode's design**, please reference the Detailed Business Requirements (DBR) and Configuration File on our website at <a href="https://www.tn.gov/tenncare/health-care-innovation/episodes-of-care/searchable-episodes-table.html">https://www.tn.gov/tenncare/health-care-innovation/episodes-of-care/searchable-episodes-table.html</a>.

